

## PEOPLES TRUST COMPANY

## **PUBLIC DISCLOSURES**

(RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE UNDERWRITING PRACTICES) **As at March 31, 2019** 

## **Disclosure Policy**

This document represents the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions ("OSFI") B-20 Residential Mortgage Underwriting Practices and Procedures Guideline disclosures for Peoples Trust Company ("PTC"). These disclosures are made to allow market participants greater transparency, clarity and public confidence in PTC's residential mortgage underwriting operations.

These disclosures are published under the Regulatory Disclosures section of PTC's website and shall be made on a quarterly basis.

This report is subject to internal review but has not been audited by PTC's external auditors.

## **Specific Disclosure relating to Mortgages**

For residential mortgages, a combination of lending policy criteria, lending guidelines, and underwriting are utilized in the credit application approval process. The primary factors considered are affordability, credit and employment history, nature of income, quality of the collateral, and Loan-to-Value ("LTV") of the residential property. For purposes of these disclosures, a "residential mortgage" means any loan to an individual that is secured by residential property (one to four-unit dwellings). PTC does not presently offer home equity lines of credit. The LTV Ratio is an evaluation of the amount of collateral value that can be used to support the loan.

An analysis of the amount and percentage of the total residential mortgage loans that are insured versus uninsured, grouped by geographic concentration, are set out in the table below. For purposes of this section, the term "insured" means those residential mortgages which are insured by CMHC against borrower default (depicts actual numbers).

As at March 31 2019 <u>Uninsured</u> Insured Type/Province Remaining Uninsured Remaining Insured Principal **Principal** Total **British Columbia** 221,872,115 89.08% 117,171,364 17.43% 339,043,479 Alberta 900,000 212,452,024 0.36% 211,552,024 31.48% Ontario 26,288,631 251,208,818 37.38% 277,497,449 10.56% Quebec 0.00% 57,028,571 8.49% 57,028,571 Manitoba 0 9,445,722 0.00% 9,445,722 1.41% Saskatchewan 0 0.00% 25,674,398 3.82% 25,674,398 921,141,643 **Total** 249,060,746 672,080,897 100.00% 100.00%

The following table provides the percentage of residential mortgages categorized by amortization period.

|                      | As at March 31 2019 |         |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Amortization         | Remaining           | _       |
|                      | Principal           | %       |
|                      |                     |         |
| Interest only        | 228,031,762         | 24.76%  |
| Under 20 years       | 12,273,984          | 1.33%   |
| 20 to <25 years      | 33,595,034          | 3.65%   |
| 25 to <30 years      | 406,745,344         | 44.16%  |
| 30 to <35 years      | 161,970,896         | 17.58%  |
| 35 years and greater | 78,524,624          | 8.52%   |
| Total                | 921,141,643         | 100.00% |

The table below shows the average LTV Ratio for total newly originated uninsured residential mortgages at the end of Q1, grouped by geographic location.

| LTV Ratio        |            | Q1 2019 |
|------------------|------------|---------|
|                  | Principal  | Average |
|                  | Amount     | LVR%    |
| British Columbia | 18,808,600 | 42.50%  |
| Ontario          | 4,147,593  | 60.77%  |
| Total            | 22,956,194 |         |

In the event of an economic downturn, the potential impact on the company's residential mortgages is deemed to be very low, since the residential mortgage portfolio is well secured and operating below the internal maximum LTV limit of 65%.

E&OE