



## PEOPLES TRUST COMPANY

### **PUBLIC DISCLOSURES** (RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE UNDERWRITING PRACTICES) As at June 30, 2019

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#### **Disclosure Policy**

This document represents the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (“OSFI”) B-20 Residential Mortgage Underwriting Practices and Procedures Guideline disclosures for Peoples Trust Company (“PTC”). These disclosures are made to allow market participants greater transparency, clarity and public confidence in PTC’s residential mortgage underwriting operations.

These disclosures are published under the Regulatory Disclosures section of PTC’s website and shall be made on a quarterly basis.

This report is subject to internal review but has not been audited by PTC’s external auditors.

#### **Specific Disclosure relating to Mortgages**

For residential mortgages, a combination of lending policy criteria, lending guidelines, and underwriting are utilized in the credit application approval process. The primary factors considered are affordability, credit and employment history, nature of income, quality of the collateral, and Loan-to-Value (“LTV”) of the residential property. For purposes of these disclosures, a “residential mortgage” means any loan to an individual that is secured by residential property (one to four-unit dwellings). PTC does not presently offer home equity lines of credit. The LTV Ratio is an evaluation of the amount of collateral value that can be used to support the loan.

An analysis of the amount and percentage of the total residential mortgage loans that are insured versus uninsured, grouped by geographic concentration, are set out in the table below. For purposes of this section, the term “insured” means those residential mortgages which are insured by CMHC against borrower default (*depicts actual numbers*).

Type/Province	As at June 30 2019				
	Uninsured Remaining Principal	Uninsured %	Insured Remaining Principal	Insured %	Total
British Columbia	220,067,386	89.53%	155,245,689	16.99%	375,313,075
Alberta	0	0.00%	278,633,069	30.49%	278,633,069
Ontario	25,743,631	10.47%	367,016,542	40.16%	392,760,173
Quebec	0	0.00%	59,673,148	6.53%	59,673,148
Manitoba	0	0.00%	13,523,894	1.48%	13,523,894
Saskatchewan	0	0.00%	39,700,799	4.34%	39,700,799
<b>Total</b>	<b>245,811,017</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>913,793,141</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>1,159,604,158</b>

The following table provides the percentage of residential mortgages categorized by amortization period.

Amortization	As at June 30 2019	
	Remaining Principal	%
Interest only	220,954,160	19.05%
Under 20 years	18,608,109	1.60%
20 to <25 years	47,900,103	4.13%
25 to <30 years	612,271,706	52.80%
30 to <35 years	183,640,619	15.84%
35 years and greater	76,229,462	6.57%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,159,604,158</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The table below shows the average LTV Ratio for total newly originated uninsured residential mortgages at the end of Q2, grouped by geographic location.

LTV Ratio	Q2 2019	
	Principal Amount	Average LVR %
British Columbia	16,704,060	50.52%
Ontario	4,385,569	56.43%
<b>Total</b>	<b>21,089,629</b>	

In the event of an economic downturn, the potential impact on the company's residential mortgages is deemed to be very low, since the residential mortgage portfolio is well secured and operating below the internal maximum LTV limit of 65%.

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